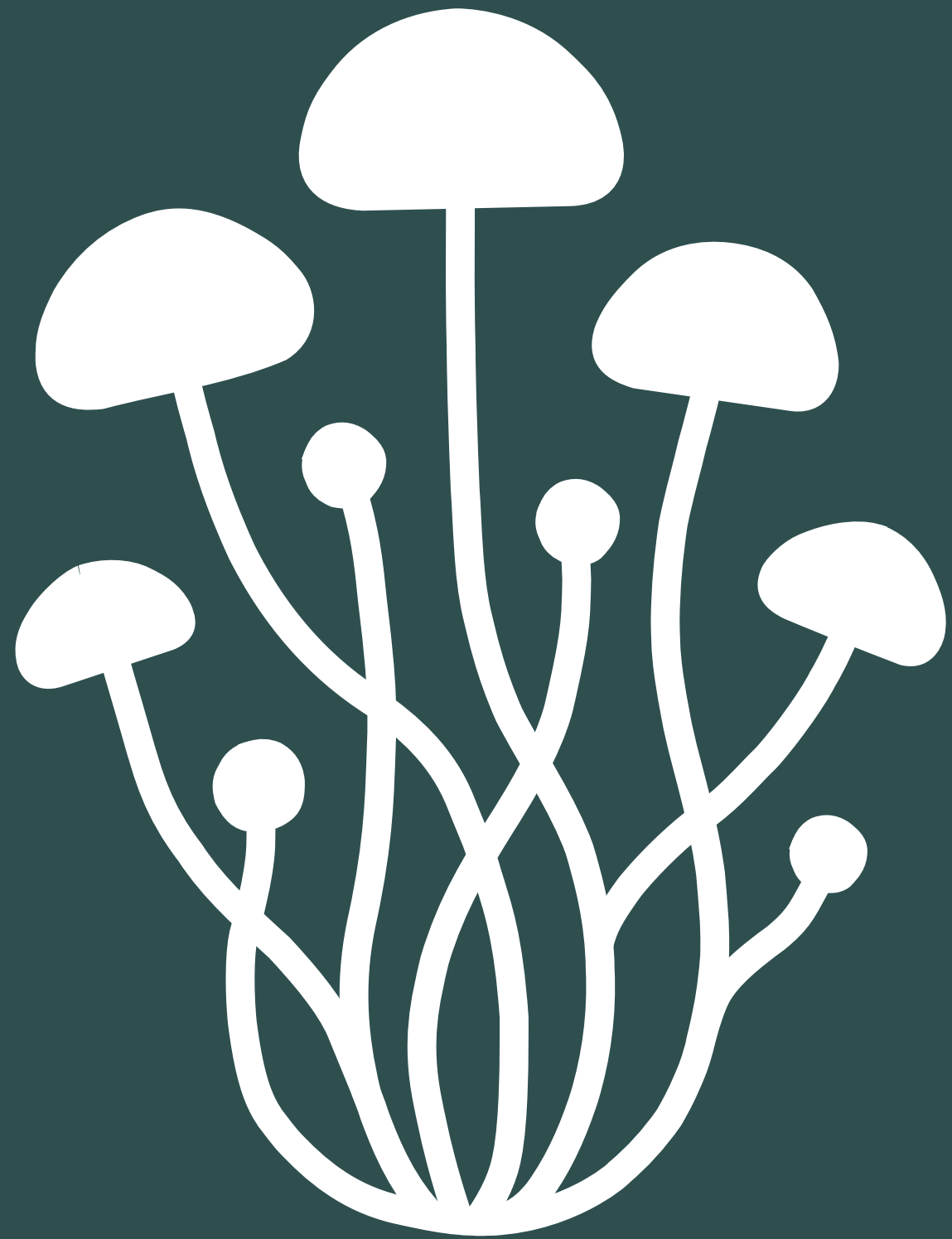




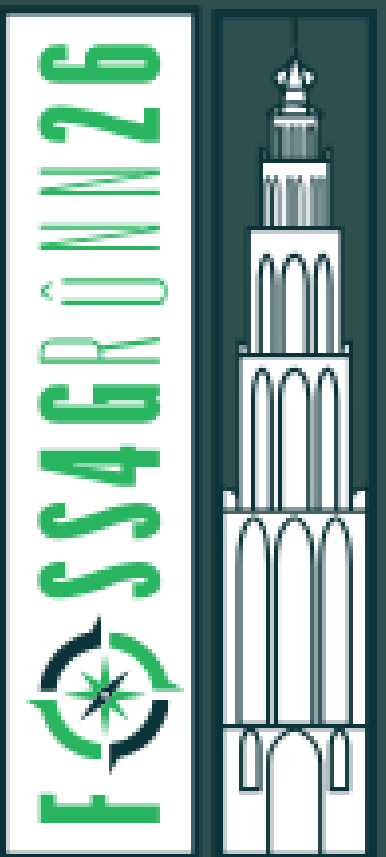
enoki
AI, rooted in values

Gaia: building Geo-AI on an open stack

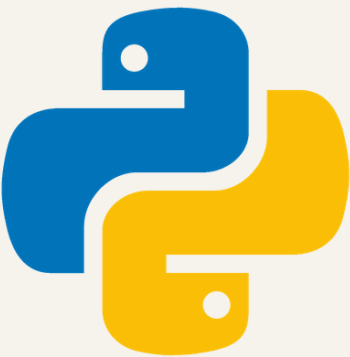
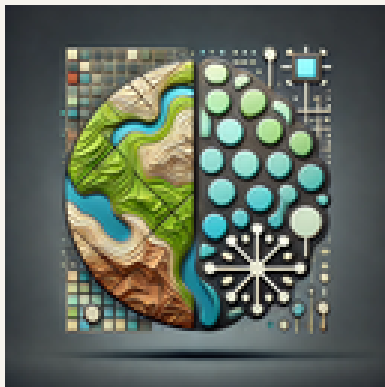
FOSS4GNL — Groningen

Kamiel Verhelst & Sytze Simonse

9th of July, 2026



What's already there?



esri

CARTO



Demo

gaia.enoki-ai.nl



From question to answer



Steps of the AI agent

- 1 Fetch metadata for the layers in the session
- 2 Fetch the schema of the relevant tables 
- 3 Build and execute a SQL query on PostGIS 
- 4 Execute query. On fail: retry **3** (max. 3 attempts)
- 5 Form answer in text, including rendered UI elements 

How to build agent logic?

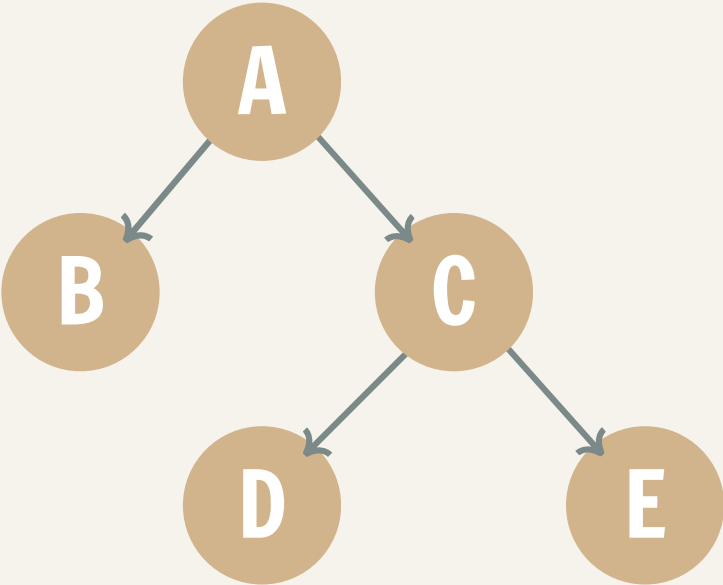
LangChain 

The framework: building blocks for prompts, tools and memory around an LLM call.



LangGraph 

The control flow: an explicit graph of steps the agent moves through, calling our tools itself. Conditionals control path.



Data storage & catalogue

Every layer arrives as vector — points lines or polygons — and lands, regardless of source format, in the same PostgreSQL + PostGIS database.

1 Storage: PostgreSQL + PostGIS

2 Conversion: GDAL (ogr2ogr) as spatial engine

3 Display: visualised as GeoJSON



Per layer, also stored in the database:

filesize

filename

upload timestamp

column names

geometry type

extent



Semantic correctness

Retries only catch crashes — a wrong column name, a syntax error. A query that runs, but is **semantically** wrong is not caught. Does the model understand what a “park” actually is?



```
...  
### RULE 2: PARK IDENTIFICATION (EXACT FILTER)  
When asked about "parks":  
  - Filter: LOWER(name) LIKE '%park%' AND LOWER(name)  
    NOT LIKE '%polder%'  
  - EXCLUDE: forest, polder, strip, nature (unless  
    explicitly asked)  
  - A "park" must have "park" in its name  
...
```


Prompt engineer reliable?

ABSOLUTE RULES — NEVER VIOLATE

1. Always respond in {lang_upper}
2. If the database errors, fix the query
3. Never invent data — say "I could not find the answer"
4. Never fabricate numbers, names or statistics
5. If a query fails twice, admit the limitation

ALWAYS QUERY DATA FIRST

- Never say "I can't help" without querying first
- First call get_session_datasets_metadata
- Search columns with LIKE '%searchterm%'
- Only say "not found" after 0 results

COMMUNICATION RULES

- No technical jargon (SQL, ST_Area, JOIN...)
- No code shown to the user
- Human language only, like a local expert
- Round numbers, 1 decimal place



Switching between models

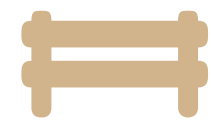
Via the environment variable LLM_PROVIDER — a deploy-time choice, not something that changes per question.

Claude Paid, reliable — but can be expensive and data leaves to third-party servers..	PRACTICAL DEFAULT
OpenRouter Broad choice of models, easy to switch — but data leaves to third-party servers.	ALTERNATIVE
Ollama Local, complete data sovereignty and control — but self-hosting models requires good hardware.	SOVEREIGN DATA

When is a model open?

LOOKING AHEAD

What's next



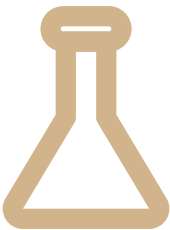
Improve guardrails



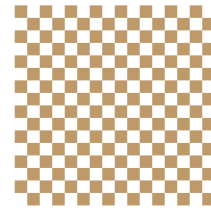
Further integration with UI



Experiment with open source models



Thorough testing with users



Integrate raster support

Any ideas?



THANK YOU

Questions?



Check out 'Gaia' on GitLab
gitlab.com/enoki-ai/gaia



Follow us on LinkedIn
linkedin.com/company/enoki-ai-nl



**What would you (not) use GenAI
for in your geo applications?**

**What would be the best use of
GenAI in your field of work?**

**What problems do you foresee
in using GenAI with geodata?**

**How would you finetune an
LLM for geospatial tasks?**

